

Glossary of Terms

CAMHS - Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services

CAMHS Tier 3 are specialised CAMHS including eating disorder services (*Healthy young minds*)

CAMHS Tier 4 are specialised services including day and inpatients service commissioned directly by NHS England. It provides assessment and treatment for children and young people with more severe mental health problems, including emotional, behavioural or mental health difficulties, in four services treating patients with more complex needs usually requiring inpatient treatment.

(Schedule 2 Service Specification – reference 170024/S for Tier 4 CAMHS, Low Secure Inpatient Service published by NHS England)

Tier 4 inpatient CAMHS services in England offer care at four levels to support the effective management of differing nature of risk presented by children and young people under 18 years. Medium secure, low secure and Psychiatric Intensive Care Units (PICU) services provide a range of physical, procedural and relational security measures not required in general adolescent services to ensure effective treatment and care whilst providing for the safety of young people, staff and the public.

- **Medium secure settings** accommodate young people with mental and neurodevelopmental disorders (including learning disability and autism) who present with the highest levels of risk of harm to others including those who have committed grave crimes.
- **Low secure settings** accommodate young people with mental and neurodevelopmental disorders at lower but significant levels of physical, relational, and procedural security. Young people may belong to one of two groups: those with 'forensic' presentations involving significant risk of harm to others and those with 'complex non-forensic' presentations principally associated with behaviour that challenges, self-harm, and vulnerability.
- **Psychiatric Intensive Care Units (PICU)** manage short-term behavioural disturbance which cannot be contained within a Tier 4 CAMHS general adolescent service. Behaviour will include serious risk of either suicide, absconding with a significant threat to safety, aggression, or vulnerability due to agitation or sexual disinhibition. Levels of physical, relational, and procedural security should be similar to those in low security.
- **General adolescent services** provide inpatient care without the need for enhanced physical or procedural security measures

(2.1.2 and 2.1.3 Schedule 2 Service Specification – reference 170024/S for Tier 4 CAMHS, Low Secure Inpatient Service published by NHS England)

Care Quality Commission regulates all health and social care services in England. The commission ensures the quality and safety of care in hospitals, dentists, ambulances, and care homes, and the care given in people's own homes. (*Care Quality Commission*)

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) Clinical commissioning groups (CCGs) were established as part of the Health and Social Care Act in 2012 and replaced Primary Care Trusts on **1 April 2013**. CCGs are groups of general practices (GPs) which come together in each area to commission the best services for their patients and population. (*NHS England*)

NHS England (NHSE) is an executive non-departmental public body of the Department of Health and Social Care. It oversees the budget, planning, delivery and day-to-day operation of the commissioning side of the NHS in England as set out in the Health and Social Care Act 2012.^[2] It directly commissions NHS GPs, dentists, optometrists and some specialist services. (*NHS England*)

NHS England Improvement NHSE/I - NHSE/I specialised commissioning teams commission Providers to deliver specialised Tier 4 CAMHS services. For patients to be admitted into specialised services such as a Tier 4 Low Secure provision,

Complex non- forensic presentations those with complex non-forensic presentations principally associated with behaviour that challenges self-harm and vulnerability.

Forensic presentations those involving significant risk of harm to others.

(*Schedule 2 Service Specification – reference 170024/S for Tier 4 CAMHS, Low Secure Inpatient Service published by NHS England*)

Low secure service requirements and functions - Acceptance Criteria the following must apply:

- The young person is under 18 at the time of referral
- The young person must be detained under Part II or Part III of the Mental Health Act 1983
- The young person is not safely managed in an open environment, does not require a medium secure setting, and is assessed as having needs that cannot be managed by shorter term admission to a PICU and either
- The young person has been directed to conditions of security under a restriction order by the Ministry of Justice
- The young person presents a risk of harm to others or themselves or suffers from a behavioural disturbance that requires inpatient care, specialist risk management procedures and a specialist treatment intervention.

Exclusion Criteria the following apply:

- Young people who present a grave risk to the general public (which may include some high-risk young people who may have no offending history, as well as those who have been charged with or convicted of specified violent or sexual offences under Schedule 15 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003) These young people are more suitable for medium secure in-patient settings
- Young people with brief episodes of disturbed or challenging behaviour as a consequence of mental disorder. These young people are more appropriately cared for in a PICU

(2.4 and 2.5 NHs England Schedule 2 – Child and Adolescent Low Secure Service. Service Specification no C11/S/b)

Royal College of Psychiatrists - is the main professional organisation of [psychiatrists](#) in the [United Kingdom](#), and is responsible for representing psychiatrists, for psychiatric research and for providing public information about mental health problems. The college provides advice to those responsible for training and certifying psychiatrists in the UK. *Wikipedia*

Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) puts uses of land and buildings into various categories known as 'Use Classes'
The relevant extracts of which are detailed below:

- **C2 Residential institutions** - Residential care homes, hospitals, nursing homes, boarding schools, residential colleges and training centres
- **C2A Secure Residential Institution** - Use for a provision of secure residential accommodation, including use as a prison, young offenders' institution, detention centre, secure training centre, custody centre, short term holding centre, secure hospital, secure local authority accommodation or use as a military barracks.

(Planning Portal)